

Ultrafast Synthesis of Metal Organic Framework (MOF) Critical for New CO₂ Uptake Technology

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Increase of atmospheric CO₂ level and correlation with the global temperature

2.



In the last 10 years, atmospheric CO_2 increased by 2.1 ppm/year, rising 2 times faster with respect to 1960s

- 1. http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/gmd/ccgg/trends/global.html accessed September 18, 2016
- Shakun, J. D. *et al.* Global warming preceded by increasing carbon dioxide concentrations during the last deglaciation. *Nature* 484, 49–54 (2012)





The global temperature trend

Last century abrupt discontinuity in temperature trend is strongly correlated to anthropogenic CO₂ emissions







Marcott, S. A., Shakun, J. D., Clark, P. U. & Mix, A. C. A Reconstruction of Regional and Global Temperature for the Past 11,300 Years. Science 339, 1198 (2013)

The cost of temperature rise



http://www.lab-initio.com



Revesz, R. L. et al. Global warming: Improve economic models of climate change. Nature 508, 173-5 (2014)

Solution: CO₂ capture and storage

The goal is to capture CO_2 at large point sources (fossil fuel power plants) and store it safely underground



http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/4/4a/Coal_fired_power_plant_diagram.svg



http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/science/nature/4468076.stm



IPCC special report on Carbon Dioxide Capture and Storage (2005)

CO₂ capture: a regenerative approach

Amine scrubbing

Porous Crystals



Smit, B., Reimer, J., Oldenburg, C., Bourg, I. Introduction to Carbon Capture and Sequestration, Imperial College Press: London (2014)

Combining amines with MOFs

Amines-appended phase-change M_2 (dobpdc), for efficient CO_2 scrubbing





McDonald, T. M. et al. Cooperative insertion of CO_2 in diamine-appended metal-organic frameworks. Nature 519, 303–8 (2015)

Motivations to our experiment

1. Quick synthesis of M₂(dobpdc) for efficient CO₂ scrubbing



2. Understanding metal oxide dissolution-crystallization to MOF



Maserati, L., Meckler, S. M., Li, C. & Helms, B. A. Minute-MOFs: Ultrafast Synthesis of M₂(dobpdc) Metal– Organic Frameworks from Divalent Metal Oxide Colloidal Nanocrystals. *Chem. Mater.* **28**, 1581–1588 (2016)



Experimental outline

Divalent <u>Metal Oxides (MO)</u> substitute molecular precursors, reducing the required time for MOF crystallization from 12 hours to minutes





Synthesis results

M₂(dobpdc) produced from metal oxides precursors



- The M₂(dobpdc) rod-shaped morphology is similar for all the different metals
- Precursors chemistry and morphology affect the reaction time



M₂(dobpdc) characterization

XRD and BET surface area confirmed high-quality materials; here the magnesium case is shown



MO dissolution kinetics: M-comparison

In situ FTIR over time of the organic ligand reaction with metal oxides







† E. G. Prout and F. C. Tompkins, Trans. Faraday Soc., 1944, 40, 488–498.

Pushing dissolution kinetics to the limit

Ligand-stripped colloidal metal-oxide nanocrystals were used as precursors





Li, Y.; Afzaal, M.; O'Brien, P. J. Mater. Chem. 2006, 16, 2175–2180

15702

Minute-MOFs from MO Nanocrystals





Conclusion

- 1. Metal oxides can be used as cheap and fast-reacting precursors for making M_2 (dobpdc).
- 2. The metal-oxide dissolution is the rate-limiting factor. Therefore, nano-sized metal oxides push the synthesis of M_2 (dobpdc) to its kinetic limit.



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